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EXAMINER

CHOUDHURY, AZIZUL Q

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2145

DATE MAILED: 08/22/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Detailed Action

This office action is in response to the correspondence received on June 3, 2005.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Gupta, Sandeep K.S. and Srimani, Pradip K. ("An Adaptive Protocol for Reliable Multicast in Mobile Multi-hop Radio Networks," (IEEE, 1999)), hereafter referred to as Gupta.

1. With regards to claim 1, Gupta teaches a method for disseminating topology and link-state information over the multi-hop network, comprising: maintaining a path tree for each source node in the network that can produce an update message, each path tree having that source node as a root node, a parent node, and zero or more children nodes; receiving an update message from the parent node in accordance with the path tree maintained for the source node that originated the received update message, the update message including information related to a link in the network; and forwarding the update message to children nodes, if any, in accordance with the path tree maintained for the source node that originated the update message in response to the information in the received update message, if it is determined that the update message

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should be forwarded to the zero or more children (Gupta discloses a design that performs a multi-hop through a network topology with nodes as claimed (section 2, first paragraph). In addition, Gupta's design also contains trees with nodes as claimed (section 3.1 & 3.1.1). The disclosure teaches of source nodes, core nodes and children nodes. The core node sends out acknowledgement messages to the children node to discover which children nodes exist and thus establishes which paths/links are present. Using this path/link presence information, the design is able to send data to the children who replied to the acknowledgement message, since they are the nodes that are known to be present. Plus, Gupta also discloses that a node is able to receive a message and is able to forward the message down the tree to the children nodes (section 3.5)).

2. With regards to claim 2, Gupta teaches a method wherein the information related to the link indicates whether the update message is to be forwarded to other nodes (Acknowledgement means are present within Gupta's design (section 3.1.1, second paragraph)).

3. With regards to claim 3, Gupta teaches a method wherein the path tree associated with each source node is a minimum-hop-path tree (Gupta's design uses a multi-hop method (section 2, first paragraph) in a network with trees (section 3.1 and 3.1.1). One of the benefits of tree architecture is the ability for finding the fastest/minimum path).

4. With regards to claim 4, Gupta teaches a method further comprising obtaining link-state information from one or more nodes in the path tree maintained for a given source node for use in developing the path tree to that source node (Acknowledgement means are present within Gupta's design (section 3.1.1, second paragraph)).

5. With regards to claim 5, Gupta teaches a method wherein the link is a wireless communication link (The network in Gupta's design is mobile and hence wireless (section 2, first paragraph)).

6. With regards to claim 6, Gupta teaches a method further comprising sending a new parent message to a node selecting that node as a new parent node for the source node originating the update message (Tree architectures allow for changes to node layouts to occur, which means that parents may become children and children may become parents. Gupta suggests within the disclosure that such means are also present in his design (section 3.1.1)).

7. With regards to claim 7, Gupta teaches a method further comprising receiving from the new parent node in response to the new parent message link-state information associated with the source node that originated the update message (Messages are able to be transferred between all the nodes of Gupta's design (section 3.1 and 3.1.1). In addition, as stated above, the layout of the nodes is allowed to change).

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8. With regards to claim 8, Gupta teaches a method wherein the new parent message included a serial number and the link-state information received in response to the new parent message is associated with update messages having serial numbers that are greater than the serial number included in the new parent message (One of the major purposes of the multi-hop network design is to obtain the status of the network. In addition, sequence numbers are provided (section 3.1.1)).

9. With regards to claim 9, Gupta teaches a method further comprising: determining that a path through a new parent node for the source node originating the update message has the same number of node hops as the path through the current parent node, and maintaining the current parent node as the parent node for the given source node (Another incentive of the tree architecture is that messages are able to record which nodes were visited (section 2)).

10. With regards to claim 10, Gupta teaches a method further comprising: determining that a path to the source node originating the update message ceases to exist; and maintaining the current parent node as the parent node for the source node (In tree network architectures, data is able to route itself by looking ahead to see if a path is available. In addition, Gupta suggests that data is able to route itself (section 2)).

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11. With regards to claim 11, Gupta teaches a method further comprising:
broadcasting the update message to the children nodes if the number of children nodes exceeds a predefined threshold when forwarding the update message to children nodes (Gupta's design allows for topology to be monitored and updated constantly (section 2). This feature along with the node status monitoring feature suggests that means are present for notifying the presence of too many nodes).

12. With regards to claim 12, Gupta teaches a method further comprising
transmitting the update message to each child node using a unicast mode if the number of children nodes is less than a predefined threshold when forwarding the update message to children nodes (Gupta's design allows for messages to be transmitted by unicast as needed (section 2)).

13. With regards to claim 13, Gupta teaches a method further comprising:
computing a parent node for each neighbor node and source node; and determining which neighbor nodes are children nodes for a given source node (For a tree network architecture to function properly, means must be present by which to detect the parent node and which are the children nodes. Gupta's design allows for the data structures within the nodes to identify themselves accordingly (section 3.2)).

14. With regards to claim 14, Gupta teaches a network, comprising: a plurality of nodes in communication with each other over communication links, each node

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maintaining a path tree for each source node in the network that can produce an update message, each path tree having that source node as a root node, a parent node, and zero or more children nodes, wherein one of the nodes (i) receives an update message from the parent node in accordance with the path tree maintained for the source node that originated the received update message, the update message including information related to a link in the network, (ii) and forwards the update message to children nodes, if any, in accordance with the path tree maintained for the source node that originated the update message in response to the information in the received update message, if it is determined that the update message should be forwarded to the children nodes (Gupta discloses a design that performs a multi-hop through a network topology with nodes as claimed (section 2, first paragraph). In addition, Gupta's design also contains trees with nodes as claimed (section 3.1 & 3.1.1). The disclosure teaches of source nodes, core nodes and children nodes. The core node sends out acknowledgement messages to the children node to discover which children nodes exist and thus establishes which paths/links are present. Using this path/link presence information, the design is able to send data to the children who replied to the acknowledgement message, since they are the nodes that are known to be present. Plus, Gupta also discloses that a node is able to receive a message and is able to forward the message down the tree to the children nodes (section 3.5)).

Response to Remarks

The amendment received on June 3, 2005 has been carefully reviewed but is not deemed fully persuasive. Within the remarks, the applicant's representative focuses his arguments on a single point of contention. That issue is the trait that the nodes of the claimed design can both receive and forward update messages in accordance with the established multicast tree. The examiner would like to point out how when a tree is established, nodes within Gupta's design are able to receive messages and then propagate the messages down to it's children nodes (equivalent to forwarding messages) (Section 3.5, Gupta). Hence, the examiner must stand by the argument that the claimed design lacks novelty against the Gupta prior art.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Azizul Choudhury whose telephone number is (571) 272-3909. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Valencia Martin-Wallace can be reached on (571) 272-6159. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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